1. Van Mahotsav was started by:
   (1) Maharishi Karve
   (2) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
   (3) K. M. Munsh
   (4) Sanjay Gandhi

2. The death anniversary of which of the following Leaders is observed as Martyrs' day?
   (1) Smt. Indira Gandhi
   (2) Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru
   (3) Mahatma Gandhi
   (4) Frakruddin Ali Ahmed

3. Delhi became Capital of India in:
   (1) 1910    (2) 1911
   (3) 1916    (4) 1923

4. White Flag is the symbol of:
   (1) Peace      (2) War
   (3) Truce      (4) Friendship

5. ISI is an intelligence agency of:
   (1) Iraq       (2) Israel
   (3) Pakistan   (4) Srilanka

6. Who composed the famous song ‘Sare Jahan se Acha’?
   (1) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
   (2) Jaidev
   (3) Mohmmad Iqbal
   (4) Rabindra Nath Tagore

7. Which of the following folkdance is associated with Gujarat?
   (1) Garba       (2) Bhangra
   (3) Nautanki    (4) Kathakali

8. Teacher's day is observed on which of the following day?
   (1) 14 November (2) 30 January
   (3) 5 September  (4) 2 October
9. India’s first successful Surface-to-Surface missile is:
   (1) Agni  (2) Prithvi  (3) Akash  (4) Trisool

10. The first person to conduct heart transplantation in India is:
    (1) Dr. P.K.K. Ayyangar  (2) Dr. Valiathan  (3) Dr. Venugopal  (4) Dr. R. Kesavan Nair

11. The first ‘Financial Service Park, for Industry was set up at:
    (1) Pune  (2) Bengaluru  (3) Gurgaon  (4) New Mumbai

12. The famous Eiffel Tower is in:
    (1) Paris  (2) Italy  (3) Germany  (4) France

13. Sariska and Ranthambore are the reserves for which of the following animals?
    (1) Lion  (2) Deer  (3) Tiger  (4) Bear

14. What is Laughing Gas?
    (1) Carbo-dioxide  (2) Sulphur dioxide  (3) Hydrogen Peroxide  (4) Nitrous oxide

15. The gas used to extinguish fire is:
    (1) Neon  (2) Nitrogen  (3) Carbondioxide  (4) Carbon mono oxide

16. Which of following is used to make smoke Bombs?
    (1) Sulphur  (2) Phosphorus  (3) Hydrogen  (4) Carbon
17. Atom Bomb is based on the principle of:
(1) Nuclear Fusion  
(2) Nuclear Fission  
(3) Both (1) & (2)  
(4) None of these  

18. The Term ‘Black Box’ is more commonly used in relation to which of the following?
(1) It is a box in which high grade uranium is kept to prevent radiation  
(2) It is a time capsule in which records of important events are kept to be opened at a later date  
(3) It is a Flight recorder in an aeroplane  
(4) None of these  

19. Alzheimer’s disease in human beings is characterised by the degeneration of:
(1) Kidney cells  
(2) Nerve cells  
(3) Brain cells  
(4) Liver cells  

20. Bamboo is:
(1) A grass  
(2) Herb  
(3) Shrub  
(4) Tree  

21. Wilson’s disease is caused by the excess of
.......................... in human body:
(1) Sodium  
(2) Iron  
(3) Copper  
(4) Cobalt  

22. Light emitted by Sun reaches Earth, in:
(1) 1 second  
(2) 10 seconds  
(3) 13 seconds  
(4) 8 seconds  

23. Cryogenics is a science dealing with:
(1) High temperatures  
(2) Low temperatures  
(3) Friction and Water  
(4) Growth of Crystals
24. Water is a highly effective coolant for a Car Engine because:
   (1) Water boils at a comparatively high temperature
   (2) Evaporation of water produces lot of cooling
   (3) Water has very high specific heat capacity
   (4) Water is a good conductor of heat

25. Human eye is sensitive to .......... light
   (1) Green  (2) Red
   (3) Yellow  (4) Blue

26. Which one of the following contains the Gayatri Mantra?
   (1) Rig Veda
   (2) Yajur Veda
   (3) Upanishad
   (4) Sama Veda

27. What was the Capital of Shivaji’s Kingdom?
   (1) Pune  (2) Karwar
   (3) Purandhar  (4) Raigarh

28. Which Indian King requested Napoleon for help to drive the British from India?
   (1) Rani of Jhansi  (2) Jai Singh
   (3) Shivaji  (4) Tipu Sultan

29. Which Sufi Saint’s Dargah is at Ajmer?
   (1) Salim Chishti
   (2) Mainuddin Chishti
   (3) Baba Farid
   (4) Hazrat Nizamuddin

30. Jama Masjid in Delhi was built by:
   (1) Jehangir  (2) Akbar
   (3) Humayun  (4) Shahjehan
31. The Contribution of India is the field of mathematics consisted of:

   (1) Numerals
   (2) The decimals
   (3) The concept of Zero
       (1) 1 & 2
       (2) 2 & 3
       (3) 1 & 3
       (4) 1, 2 and 3

32. Alexander invaded India in ............ B.C.
    (1) 336   (2) 326
    (3) 320   (4) 280

33. The Indians celebrated the Independence Day for the First Time on ............
    (1) January 1, 1930
    (2) January 26, 1930
    (3) August 15, 1947
    (4) January 26, 1950

34. Consider the following events:

   (1) Swadeshi Movement
   (2) Home Rule Movement
   (3) Anti-Row Latt Act movement
   (4) Khilafat Movement

   Their correct chronological order is:
    (1) 1, 2, 3, 4   (2) 1, 2, 4, 3
    (3) 2, 1, 4, 3   (4) 3, 1, 2, 4

35. Who among the following is known as the father of the Indian constitution:

   (1) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
   (2) Mahatma Gandhi
   (3) Jawahr Lal Nehru
   (4) Vallabhbhai Patel
36. Secularism Means:
(1) Suppression of all religions
(2) Freedom of worship to minorities
(3) Separation of religion from state
(4) A system of political and Social Philosophy that does not favour any particular religious faith

37. In Indian Constitution, there is no provision for:
(1) Religious Rights
(2) Political and Social Rights
(3) Educational Rights
(4) Economic Rights

38. Which one of the following fundamental rights has been described by Dr. Ambedkar as the ‘heart and soul’ of the constitution?
(1) Right to equality
(2) Right to constitutional
(3) Right to freedom
(4) Right against exploitation

39. The First class Magistrates are competent to award sentence of imprisonment upto:
(1) 2 Years
(2) 1 Year
(3) 3 Years
(4) 4 Years

40. The Panchayati Raj System was adopted to:
(1) make people aware of politics
(2) Decentralise the power of Democracy
(3) Educate peasants
(4) None of these

41. The Intensity of earthquakes is measured on:
(1) Beaufort scale
(2) Rechter scale
(3) Secant scale
(4) Mercalli scale

42. Which of the following Central Asian countries has the common boundary with Iran, Pakistan China and Soviet Union?
(1) Afghanistan
(2) India
(3) Bhutan
(4) Mangolia

43. The principal types of earthquakes in the Earth:
(1) Subduction Earthquake
(2) Collision Earthquake
(3) Tectonic Earthquake
(4) Volcanic Earthquake

44. In the Indian Constitution, the fundamental rights are divided into:
(1) Political Rights
(2) Social Rights
(3) Civil Rights
(4) Personal Rights

45. Which of the following is not an integral part of the Constitution?
(1) Fundamental Rights
(2) Directive Principles
(3) Civil Rights
(4) Political Rights
43. Which of the following is the Largest river in the world:
(1) Nile  (2) Congo  (3) Ganges  (4) Amazon

44. Khyber Pass is in:
(1) Bangladesh  (2) Bhutan  (3) India  (4) Pakistan

45. The world's highest hydel power project Rongtong is located in:
(1) Rangoon  (2) Kathmandu  (3) Himachal Pradesh  (4) Beijing

46. K.L.M. a world wide airlines belongs to which of the following countries?
(1) France  (2) Germany  (3) Japan  (4) The Netherlands

47. Kerosene oil is an example of:
(1) Vegetable oil  (2) Essential oil  (3) Mineral oil  (4) Natural oil

48. Tides in the Sea have stored in them:
(1) Hydraulic Energy  (2) Kinetic Energy  (3) Gravitational Energy  (4) A contribution of all the above three forms of Energy

49. “Galileo satellites” are four large moons of the Planet:
(1) Saturn  (2) Uranus  (3) Jupiter  (4) Neptune

50. A state which has two Capitals is:
(1) U. P.  (2) Punjab  (3) Jammu & Kashmir  (4) Maharashtra